Report on the main results of the surveillance under article 17 for annex I habitat types (Annex D)

CODE: 9110

NAME: Luzulo-Fagetum beech forests

1. National Level

1.1 Maps

1.1.1 Distribution Map	Yes
1.1.2 Distribution Method	Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)
1.1.3 Year or period	2006-2012
1.1.4 Additional map	No
1.1.5 Range Map	Yes

2. Biogeographical Or Marine Level

2.1 Biogeographical Region

Mediterranean (MED)

2.2 Published

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Dimopoulos P., Fotiadis G., Tsiripidis I., Panitsa M. and Karadimou E. 2014. Deliverable A2. Report and Literature Database on Habitat Types of Greece – 1st edition. Ministry of Environment, Energy and Climate Change, OIKOM Ltd - E. Alexandropoulou - A. Glavas, Athens, pages 210.

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Dimopoulos P., Tsiripidis I., Xystrakis F., Kallimanis A.S and Panitsa M. 2014. Deliverable A7. Preliminary Analysis of the Field Data for the Habitat Types – 1st edition. Ministry of Environment, Energy and Climate Change, OIKOM Ltd - E. Alexandropoulou - A. Glavas, Athens, pages 16.

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some general conclusions. Ann. Bot. (Roma) 55: 17–26.
Dimopoulos P. & Bergmeier E. 1997. The Beech forests of Greece: Diversity, Syntaxonomy and relationships with the Palaearctic Habitat Classification. 6th International Workshop, "European Vegetation Survey", Rome, Italy, 13 -16 March 1997.
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2.3 Range of the habitat type in the biogeographical region or marine region

2.3.1 Surface area - Range (km²)	1971	
2.3.2 Range method used	Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)	
2.3.3 Short-term trend period	2001-2012	
2.3.4 Short-term trend direction	stable (0)	
2.3.5 Short-term trend magnitude	min	max
2.3.6 Long-term trend period		
2.3.7 Long-term trend direction	N/A	
2.3.8 Long-term trend magnitude	min	max
2.3.9 Favourable reference range	area (km²)	
	operator	approximately equal to (≈)
	unkown	No
	method	
2.3.10 Reason for change	Improved knowledge/more accurate data Use of different method	

2.4 Area covered by Habitat

2.4.1 Surface area (km²)	1342,3	
2.4.2 Year or period	2000-2012	
2.4.3 Method used	Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)	
2.4.4 Short-term trend period	2001-2012	
2.4.5 Short-term trend direction	stable (0)	
2.4.6 Short-term trend magnitude	min	max
2.4.7 Short term trend method used	Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)	
2.4.8 Long-term trend period		
2.4.9 Long-term trend direction	N/A	
2.4.10 Long-term trend magnitude	min	max
2.4.11 Long term trend method used	N/A	
2.4.12 Favourable reference area	area (km)	
	operator	approximately equal to (≈)
	unknown	No
	method	
2.4.13 Reason for change	Improved knowledge/more accurate data Use of different method	

2.5 Main Pressures

Pressure	ranking	pollution qualifier(s)
Forest and Plantation management & use (B02)	low importance (L)	N/A
Forestry activities not referred to above (B07)	low importance (L)	N/A
Discharges (E03)	low importance (L)	N/A

2.5.1 Method used – pressures	mainly based on expert judgement and other data (2)

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2.6 Main Threats

Threat	ranking	pollution qualifier(s)
Forest and Plantation management & use (B02)	low importance (L)	N/A

2.6.1 Method used – threats: expert opinion (1)

2.7 Complementary Information

2.7.1 Species

Abies borisii-regis
Aremonia agrimonoides
Calamagrostis arundinacea
Carex digitata
Corallorhiza trifida
Deschampsia flexuosa
Epilobium montanum
Fagus sylvatica
Hieracium murorum
Hieracium olympicum
Hieracium racemosum
Luzula luzulina
Luzula luzuloides
Luzula pilosa
Luzula sylvatica
Neottia nidus-avis
Orthilia secunda
Picea abies
Poa nemoralis
Prenanthes purpurea
Vaccinium myrtillus
Veronica officinalis

2.7.2 Species method used

Typical species were determined on the basis of a vegetation database, comprised of about 22000 sampling plots. First, a list of possible typical species was determined per habitat type, selecting the ones presenting a high fidelity value to the habitat types according the algorithm of Tsiripidis et al. (2009) and the phi coefficient value (Chytrý et al. 2002). Then typical species per habitat type were selected from the above-mentioned lists by expert judgment and using as criteria species niche breadth, their ability to comprise indicators of habitat types' conservation status and their function as keystone species. The nomenclature of the typical species follows Dimopoulos et al. (2013).
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2.7.3 Justification of % - thresholds for trends	
2.7.4 Structure and functions - methods used	Complete survey/Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate (3)
2.7.5 Other relevant information	

2.8 Conclusions (assessment of conservation status at end of reporting period)

2.8.1 Range	assessment	Favourable (FV)
	qualifiers	N/A
2.8.2 Area	assessment	Favourable (FV)
	qualifiers	N/A
2.8.3 Specific structures and functions (incl Species)	assessment	Favourable (FV)
	qualifiers	N/A
2.8.4 Future prospects	assessment	Favourable (FV)
	qualifiers	N/A
2.8.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status	Favourable (FV)	
2.8.5 Overall trend in Conservation Status	N/A	

3. Natura 2000 coverage conservation measures - Annex I habitat types on biogeographical level

3.1 Area covered by habitat

3.1.1 Surface area (km²)	min	553,2	max	553,2
3.1.2 Method used	Complete survey/Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate (3)			
3.1.3. Trend of surface area	stable (0)			

3.2 Conversation Measures

3.2.1 Measure	3.2.2 Type	3.2.3 Ranking	3.2.4 Location	3.2.5 Broad Evaluation
Establish protected areas/sites (6.1)	Legal Administrative One-off	medium importance (M)	Inside	Maintain Long term