

# Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

## NATIONAL LEVEL

### 1. General information

|   |  |
|---|--|
| 1.1 Member State                        | GR   |
| 1.2 Species code                        | 6958                                       |
| 1.3 Species scientific name             | <b>Mediodactylus kotschy</b>               |
| 1.4 Alternative species scientific name | Cyrtodactylus kotschy, Cyrtopodion kotschy |
| 1.5 Common name (in national language)  | Kotschy's gecko                            |

### 2. Maps

|                                  |   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| 2.1 Sensitive species            | No  |
| 2.2 Year or period               | 2015  |
| 2.3 Distribution map             | Yes   |
| 2.4 Distribution map Method used | Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data |
| 2.5 Additional maps              | Yes   |

### 3. Information related to Annex V Species (Art. 14)

|   |   |    |
|---|---|----|
| 3.1 Is the species taken in the wild/exploited?       | No  |    |
| 3.2 Which of the measures in Art. 14 have been taken? | a) regulations regarding access to property   | No |
|   | b) temporary or local prohibition of the taking of specimens in the wild and exploitation                   | No |
|   | c) regulation of the periods and/or methods of taking specimens   | No |
|   | d) application of hunting and fishing rules which take account of the conservation of such populations      | No |
|   | e) establishment of a system of licences for taking specimens or of quotas                                  | No |
|   | f) regulation of the purchase, sale, offering for sale, keeping for sale or transport for sale of specimens | No |
|   | g) breeding in captivity of animal species as well as artificial propagation of plant species               | No |
|   | h) other measures   | No |

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3.3 Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild for Mammals and Acipenseridae (Fish)

a) Unit

| b) Statistics/<br>quantity taken | Provide statistics/quantity per hunting season or per year (where season is not used) over the reporting period |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                                  | Season/<br>year 1   | Season/<br>year 2 | Season/<br>year 3 | Season/<br>year 4 | Season/<br>year 5 | Season/<br>year 6 |
| Min. (raw, ie. not rounded)      |   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Max. (raw, ie. not rounded)      |   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Unknown                          | No  | No                | No                | No                | No                | No                |

3.4. Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild Method used

3.5. Additional information

## BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL

### 4. Biogeographical and marine regions

4.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the species occurs

**Mediterranean (MED)**

4.2 Sources of information

Chondropoulos, B.P. (1986) A checklist of Greek reptiles. I. The lizards. Amphibia-Reptilia 7:217-235.

Kasapidis, P., Magoulas, A., Mylonas, M. and Zouros, E. (2005) The phylogeography of the gecko *Cyrtopodionkotschy* (Reptilia: Gekkonidae) in the Aegean archipelago. Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution 35:612-623.

### 5. Range

5.1 Surface area

48056,99

5.2 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

5.3 Short-term trend Direction

Stable (0)

5.4 Short-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum b) Maximum

5.5 Short-term trend Method used

Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

5.6 Long-term trend Period

5.7 Long-term trend Direction

5.8 Long-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum b) Maximum

5.9 Long-term trend Method used

5.10 Favourable reference range

a) Area (km<sup>2</sup>)  
b) Operator  
c) Unknown  
d) Method

Approximately equal to (≈)

A widely ranging species in the Aegean and only locally

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abundant on the mainland. None of the known populations became extinct since 1994. FRV is the total of the range which excludes the unfavorable altitude areas.

## 5.11 Change and reason for change in surface area of range

Improved knowledge/more accurate data  
Use of different method

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

## 5.12 Additional information

# 6. Population

## 6.1 Year or period

2015

## 6.2 Population size (in reporting unit)

a) Unit number of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1)  
b) Minimum 3662  
c) Maximum 5137  
d) Best single value

## 6.3 Type of estimate

Best estimate

## 6.4 Additional population size (using population unit other than reporting unit)

a) Unit  
b) Minimum  
c) Maximum  
d) Best single value

## 6.5 Type of estimate

## 6.6 Population size Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

## 6.7 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

## 6.8 Short-term trend Direction

Stable (0)

## 6.9 Short-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum  
b) Maximum  
c) Confidence interval

## 6.10 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

## 6.11 Long-term trend Period

## 6.12 Long-term trend Direction

## 6.13 Long-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum  
b) Maximum  
c) Confidence interval

## 6.14 Long-term trend Method used

## 6.15 Favourable reference population (using the unit in 6.2 or 6.4)

a) Population size  
b) Operator Approximately equal to ( $\approx$ )  
c) Unknown  
d) Method

There are no indications or reports of population decline or abnormal population structure. FRV has been set at the current population level.

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## 6.16 Change and reason for change in population size

Improved knowledge/more accurate data  
Use of different method

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

## 6.17 Additional information

There are no references regarding the population size or population densities in Greece but it is known to be locally abundant in certain areas and rare across larger areas on the mainland. Based on the available data, estimation of the population size doesn't seem feasible at this stage.

## 7. Habitat for the species

### 7.1 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat

a) Are area and quality of occupied habitat sufficient (for long-term survival)? Yes

b) Is there a sufficiently large area of unoccupied habitat of suitable quality (for long-term survival)?

### 7.2 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

### 7.3 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

### 7.4 Short-term trend Direction

Stable (0)

### 7.5 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

### 7.6 Long-term trend Period

### 7.7 Long-term trend Direction

### 7.8 Long-term trend Method used

### 7.9 Additional information

The surface area of the habitat is estimated at 5137 km<sup>2</sup> and its quality is good. The area of suitable habitat is 8882 km<sup>2</sup>. A widely distributed species depended on the presence of specific habitat features. Random surveys have been conducted in the distribution areas.

## 8. Main pressures and threats

### 8.1 Characterisation of pressures/threats

| Pressure  | Ranking |
|---|---------|
| No pressures (Xxp)  |         |
| Threat  | Ranking |
| Removal of small landscape features for agricultural land parcel consolidation (hedges, stone walls, rushes, open ditches, springs, solitary trees, etc.) (A05) | M       |

### 8.2 Sources of information

THREATS: Based on expert opinion.

### 8.3 Additional information

In fact, only LOW ranking pressures act on the specific species and this is the reason why they are not included in 8.1, above.

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## 9. Conservation measures

9.1 Status of measures

|                                    |    |
|------------------------------------|----|
| a) Are measures needed?            | No |
| b) Indicate the status of measures |    |

9.2 Main purpose of the measures taken

9.3 Location of the measures taken

9.4 Response to the measures

9.5 List of main conservation measures

9.6 Additional information

## 10. Future prospects

10.1 Future prospects of parameters

|                           |      |
|---------------------------|------|
| a) Range                  | Good |
| b) Population             | Good |
| c) Habitat of the species | Good |

10.2 Additional information

## 11. Conclusions

11.1. Range Favourable (FV)

11.2. Population Favourable (FV)

11.3. Habitat for the species Favourable (FV)

11.4. Future prospects Favourable (FV)

11.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status Favourable (FV)

11.6 Overall trend in Conservation Status Stable (=)

11.7 Change and reasons for change in conservation status and conservation status trend

a) Overall assessment of conservation status  
No change  
The change is mainly due to:

b) Overall trend in conservation status  
No change  
The change is mainly due to:

11.8 Additional information

## 12. Natura 2000 (pSCIs, SCIs and SACs) coverage for Annex II species

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12.1 Population size inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs network (on the biogeographical/marine level including all sites where the species is present)

- a) Unit
- b) Minimum
- c) Maximum
- d) Best single value

12.2 Type of estimate

12.3 Population size inside the network Method used

12.4 Short-term trend of population size within the network Direction

12.5 Short-term trend of population size within the network Method used

12.6 Additional information

## 13. Complementary information

13.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

13.2 Trans-boundary assessment

13.3 Other relevant Information

The range estimations do not include unfavorable altitude areas.