

Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

NATIONAL LEVEL

1. General information

1.1 Member State	GR
1.2 Species code	1243
1.3 Species scientific name	<i>Algyroides nigropunctatus</i>
1.4 Alternative species scientific name	
1.5 Common name (in national language)	Savra tis Roumelis

2. Maps

2.1 Sensitive species	No
2.2 Year or period	2015
2.3 Distribution map	Yes
2.4 Distribution map Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
2.5 Additional maps	Yes

3. Information related to Annex V Species (Art. 14)

3.1 Is the species taken in the wild/exploited?	No	
3.2 Which of the measures in Art. 14 have been taken?	a) regulations regarding access to property	No
	b) temporary or local prohibition of the taking of specimens in the wild and exploitation	No
	c) regulation of the periods and/or methods of taking specimens	No
	d) application of hunting and fishing rules which take account of the conservation of such populations	No
	e) establishment of a system of licences for taking specimens or of quotas	No
	f) regulation of the purchase, sale, offering for sale, keeping for sale or transport for sale of specimens	No
	g) breeding in captivity of animal species as well as artificial propagation of plant species	No
	h) other measures	No

Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

3.3 Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild for Mammals and Acipenseridae (Fish)

a) Unit

b) Statistics/ quantity taken	Provide statistics/quantity per hunting season or per year (where season is not used) over the reporting period					
	Season/ year 1	Season/ year 2	Season/ year 3	Season/ year 4	Season/ year 5	Season/ year 6
Min. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Max. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Unknown	No	No	No	No	No	No

3.4. Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild Method used

3.5. Additional information

BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL

4. Biogeographical and marine regions

4.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the species occurs

Mediterranean (MED)

4.2 Sources of information

Boettger, O. (1889) Herpetologische Miscellen. I. Epirus. Ber.Senckenberg.naturf.Ges. 1888/89: 267 Bousbouras, D. & Y. Ioannidis (1994) Amphibien und Reptilien des Prespa-Nationalparks und der Gebirgsregion um Florina (Mazedonien, Griechenland). Salamandra 30(3): 209 - 220
 Bringsoe, H. (1995) Neuer Nachweis der Prachtkieidechse *Algyroides nigropunctatus* (DUMERIL & BIBRON, 1839) für Zentral-Griechenland. SAURIA 17 (3): 35-38
 Broggi, M. (2009) The herpetofauna of Ithaki (Ithaka, Ionian islands, Greece). Herpetozoa 22(1/2): 87 - 90
 Clark, R. (1989) Some notes on reptiles and amphibians from the N.W. Pindos Mountains. Greece. Herptile 14(3): 99 - 104.
 Clark, R. (1992) An account on the herpetological observations in Macedonia, the Pindos Mountains and Prespa lake region, Greece. Herptile 17(2): 49 - 63.
 Chondropoulos, B.P. (1986) A checklist of the Greek reptiles. I. The lizards. Amphibia-Reptilia. 7(3): 217-235 Grundke, F.D. (1988) Reptilien auf Korfu. DATZ 41: 426 – 428 Ioannidis, Y. & D. Bousbouras (1997) The space utilization by the reptiles in Prespa National Park. Hydrobiologia 351: 135–142
 Kabisch, K. (2001) Beobachtungen an der Prachtkieidechse, *Algyroides nigropunctatus* (DUMERIL & BIBRON, 1839), auf Korfu. SAURIA 23 (2): 41-45
 PEEK, R. & J. VAN SOEST (2013) Beobachtungen an *Algyroides nigropunctatus kephallithacius* KEYMAR, 1986 auf Kefalonia und Lefkada (Griechenland). Die Eidechse 24(1): 1 -10
 Podnar, M. & W. Mayer (2006) First insights into mitochondrial DNA diversity of Dalmatian *Algyroides*, *Algyroides nigropunctatus* (Lacertidae). Periodicum biologicum 18(1): 85 – 87. Sandera, M. & H. Sanderovi (2004) Prispevek k

Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

	d) Best single value	
6.5 Type of estimate		
6.6 Population size Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data	
6.7 Short-term trend Period	2007-2018	
6.8 Short-term trend Direction	Stable (0)	
6.9 Short-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum b) Maximum c) Confidence interval	
6.10 Short-term trend Method used	Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data	
6.11 Long-term trend Period		
6.12 Long-term trend Direction		
6.13 Long-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum b) Maximum c) Confidence interval	
6.14 Long-term trend Method used		
6.15 Favourable reference population (using the unit in 6.2 or 6.4)	a) Population size b) Operator c) Unknown d) Method	Approximately equal to (≈) There are no indications or reports of population decline or abnormal population structure. FRV has been set at the current population level.
6.16 Change and reason for change in population size	Improved knowledge/more accurate data Use of different method The change is mainly due to:	
6.17 Additional information	There are no adequate references or measurements regarding the population size or the population densities. Based on the available data an estimation of the population using as unit the number of individuals doesn't seem feasible at this stage.	

7. Habitat for the species

7.1 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat	a) Are area and quality of occupied habitat sufficient (for long-term survival)? b) Is there a sufficiently large area of unoccupied habitat of suitable quality (for long-term survival)?	Yes
7.2 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data	
7.3 Short-term trend Period	2007-2018	
7.4 Short-term trend Direction	Stable (0)	
7.5 Short-term trend Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data	
7.6 Long-term trend Period		

Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

7.7 Long-term trend Direction

7.8 Long-term trend Method used

7.9 Additional information

The surface area of the habitat is estimated at 5145 km² and its quality is good. The area of suitable habitat is 9105 km². A widely distributed generalist species. Random surveys have been conducted in the distribution areas.

8. Main pressures and threats

8.1 Characterisation of pressures/threats

Pressure	Ranking
Burning for agriculture (A11)	M
Threat	Ranking
Burning for agriculture (A11)	M
Removal of small landscape features for agricultural land parcel consolidation (hedges, stone walls, rushes, open ditches, springs, solitary trees, etc.) (A05)	M

8.2 Sources of information

PRESSURES: Based mainly on expert judgement and other data.
THREATS: Based on expert opinion.

8.3 Additional information

9. Conservation measures

9.1 Status of measures

- a) Are measures needed? No
b) Indicate the status of measures

9.2 Main purpose of the measures taken

9.3 Location of the measures taken

9.4 Response to the measures

9.5 List of main conservation measures

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9.6 Additional information

10. Future prospects

10.1 Future prospects of parameters

- a) Range Good
b) Population Good
c) Habitat of the species Good

10.2 Additional information

11. Conclusions

11.1. Range

Favourable (FV)

Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

11.2. Population	Favourable (FV)
11.3. Habitat for the species	Favourable (FV)
11.4. Future prospects	Favourable (FV)
11.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status	Favourable (FV)
11.6 Overall trend in Conservation Status	Stable (=)
11.7 Change and reasons for change in conservation status and conservation status trend	a) Overall assessment of conservation status No change The change is mainly due to: b) Overall trend in conservation status No change The change is mainly due to:
11.8 Additional information	

12. Natura 2000 (pSCIs, SCIs and SACs) coverage for Annex II species

12.1 Population size inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs network (on the biogeographical/marine level including all sites where the species is present)	a) Unit b) Minimum c) Maximum d) Best single value
12.2 Type of estimate	
12.3 Population size inside the network Method used	
12.4 Short-term trend of population size within the network Direction	
12.5 Short-term trend of population size within the network Method used	
12.6 Additional information	

13. Complementary information

13.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends	
13.2 Trans-boundary assessment	
13.3 Other relevant Information	The range estimations do not include unfavorable altitude areas.