

Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

NATIONAL LEVEL

1. General information

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| 1.1 Member State | GR |
| 1.2 Species code | 1074 |
| 1.3 Species scientific name | <i>Eriogaster catax</i> |
| 1.4 Alternative species scientific name | |
| 1.5 Common name (in national language) | |

2. Maps

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| 2.1 Sensitive species | No |
| 2.2 Year or period | 2015 |
| 2.3 Distribution map | Yes |
| 2.4 Distribution map Method used | Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data |
| 2.5 Additional maps | Yes |

3. Information related to Annex V Species (Art. 14)

| | | |
|---|---|----|
| 3.1 Is the species taken in the wild/exploited? | No | |
| 3.2 Which of the measures in Art. 14 have been taken? | a) regulations regarding access to property | No |
| | b) temporary or local prohibition of the taking of specimens in the wild and exploitation | No |
| | c) regulation of the periods and/or methods of taking specimens | No |
| | d) application of hunting and fishing rules which take account of the conservation of such populations | No |
| | e) establishment of a system of licences for taking specimens or of quotas | No |
| | f) regulation of the purchase, sale, offering for sale, keeping for sale or transport for sale of specimens | No |
| | g) breeding in captivity of animal species as well as artificial propagation of plant species | No |
| | h) other measures | No |

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3.3 Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild for Mammals and Acipenseridae (Fish)

a) Unit

| b) Statistics/ quantity taken | Provide statistics/quantity per hunting season or per year (where season is not used) over the reporting period | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Season/ year 1 | Season/ year 2 | Season/ year 3 | Season/ year 4 | Season/ year 5 | Season/ year 6 |
| Min. (raw, ie. not rounded) | | | | | | |
| Max. (raw, ie. not rounded) | | | | | | |
| Unknown | No | No | No | No | No | No |

3.4. Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild Method used

3.5. Additional information

BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL

4. Biogeographical and marine regions

4.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the species occurs

Mediterranean (MED)

4.2 Sources of information

Combination of sampling data (2014) with data from Georgiadis Th. et al. (2009) Natura 2000 Standard Data Forms. <http://eunis.eea.europa.eu/species/130>

5. Range

5.1 Surface area

240

5.2 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

5.3 Short-term trend Direction

Stable (0)

5.4 Short-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum b) Maximum

5.5 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

5.6 Long-term trend Period

5.7 Long-term trend Direction

5.8 Long-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum b) Maximum

5.9 Long-term trend Method used

5.10 Favourable reference range

a) Area (km²)
b) Operator Approximately equal to (≈)
c) Unknown
d) Method

5.11 Change and reason for change in surface area of range

No change
The change is mainly due to:

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5.12 Additional information

6. Population

| | | |
|--|---|--|
| 6.1 Year or period | 2015 | |
| 6.2 Population size (in reporting unit) | a) Unit | number of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1) |
| | b) Minimum | |
| | c) Maximum | |
| | d) Best single value | 253 |
| 6.3 Type of estimate | Best estimate | |
| 6.4 Additional population size (using population unit other than reporting unit) | a) Unit | number of map 10x10 km grid cells (grids10x10) |
| | b) Minimum | |
| | c) Maximum | |
| | d) Best single value | 3 |
| 6.5 Type of estimate | Best estimate | |
| 6.6 Population size Method used | Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data | |
| 6.7 Short-term trend Period | 2007-2018 | |
| 6.8 Short-term trend Direction | Unknown (x) | |
| 6.9 Short-term trend Magnitude | a) Minimum | |
| | b) Maximum | |
| | c) Confidence interval | |
| 6.10 Short-term trend Method used | Insufficient or no data available | |
| 6.11 Long-term trend Period | | |
| 6.12 Long-term trend Direction | | |
| 6.13 Long-term trend Magnitude | a) Minimum | |
| | b) Maximum | |
| | c) Confidence interval | |
| 6.14 Long-term trend Method used | | |
| 6.15 Favourable reference population (using the unit in 6.2 or 6.4) | a) Population size | |
| | b) Operator | Approximately equal to (≈) |
| | c) Unknown | |
| | d) Method | Expert opinion-Favourable Reference Population equals to the estimated maximum population size (the number of grid cells 10x10km resulting from its range) and is greater than the actual size documented by sampling during 2014-2015 and reliable historical records (using the same unit -10x10 grid cells). Perhaps, that approximation overestimates FRP. |
| 6.16 Change and reason for change in population size | No change | |
| | The change is mainly due to: | |

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6.17 Additional information

Sampling localities were visited only once in 2014. Time series data and exact population data are missing. Therefore, we used grid cell 10x10km as the population unit as a safe alternative. Minimum population size equals the number of grid cells resulting from its distribution, while the maximum population size equals the number of grid cells resulting from its range. The population size in 6.2.d has been calculated in GIS using spatial information from the distribution data (10x10 km or smaller grids if additional data were available). Following the conversion of the available data in 1x1 km grid unit, marine or terrestrial grid cells have been deleted and thus excluded from the calculation, depending on the biogeographical region where the species occurs (MED or MMED, respectively).

7. Habitat for the species

7.1 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat

a) Are area and quality of occupied habitat sufficient (for long-term survival)? Unknown

b) Is there a sufficiently large area of unoccupied habitat of suitable quality (for long-term survival)?

7.2 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat Method used

Insufficient or no data available

7.3 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

7.4 Short-term trend Direction

Unknown (x)

7.5 Short-term trend Method used

Insufficient or no data available

7.6 Long-term trend Period

7.7 Long-term trend Direction

7.8 Long-term trend Method used

7.9 Additional information

The surface area of the habitat is estimated at 94.35 km² and its quality is unknown.

8. Main pressures and threats

8.1 Characterisation of pressures/threats

| Pressure | Ranking |
|--------------------|---------|
| No pressures (Xxp) | |
| Threat | Ranking |
| No threats (Xxt) | |

8.2 Sources of information

8.3 Additional information

In fact, only LOW ranking pressures and threats act on the specific species and this is the reason why they are not included in 8.1, above.

9. Conservation measures

9.1 Status of measures

a) Are measures needed? Yes
 b) Indicate the status of measures Measures needed but cannot be identified

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9.2 Main purpose of the measures taken

9.3 Location of the measures taken

9.4 Response to the measures

9.5 List of main conservation measures

()

9.6 Additional information

10. Future prospects

| | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|
| 10.1 Future prospects of parameters | a) Range | Good |
| | b) Population | Poor |
| | c) Habitat of the species | Unknown |

10.2 Additional information

11. Conclusions

| | |
|---|---|
| 11.1. Range | Favourable (FV) |
| 11.2. Population | Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1) |
| 11.3. Habitat for the species | Unknown (XX) |
| 11.4. Future prospects | Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1) |
| 11.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status | Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1) |
| 11.6 Overall trend in Conservation Status | Unknown (x) |
| 11.7 Change and reasons for change in conservation status and conservation status trend | a) Overall assessment of conservation status No change The change is mainly due to: b) Overall trend in conservation status No change The change is mainly due to: |

11.8 Additional information

12. Natura 2000 (pSCIs, SCIs and SACs) coverage for Annex II species

| | | |
|---|----------------------|--|
| 12.1 Population size inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs network (on the biogeographical/marine level including all sites where the species is present) | a) Unit | number of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1) |
| | b) Minimum | |
| | c) Maximum | |
| | d) Best single value | 73 |
| 12.2 Type of estimate | Best estimate | |

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12.3 Population size inside the network Method used

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

12.4 Short-term trend of population size within the network Direction

Stable (0)

12.5 Short-term trend of population size within the network Method used

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

12.6 Additional information

The change in 12.1 (in comparison to the previous report) is mainly due to the recent update of the Greek Natura 2000 Database (extended areas of current Natura 2000 sites and newly proposed SCIs) and also (in cases of absent data or mandatory population unit 1x1 grid) to a different approach/method used for the calculation of the population size in GIS.

13. Complementary information

13.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

13.2 Trans-boundary assessment

13.3 Other relevant Information